

# Erratum

## Erratum to 'ATP hydrolysis by membrane-bound *Escherichia coli* F<sub>0</sub>F<sub>1</sub> causes rotation of the $\gamma$ subunit relative to the $\beta$ subunits' [Biochim. Biophys. Acta (1996) 1275, 96–100]<sup>1</sup>

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The contrast in Fig. 1 of this paper was not sufficient to show the faint band at 86 kDa. Therefore the figure is printed again.

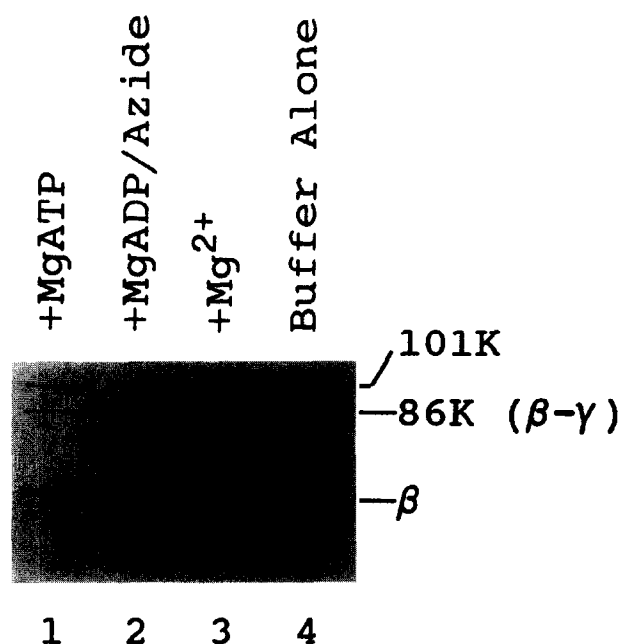


Fig. 1. Testing for rotation of the  $\gamma$  subunit relative to  $\beta$  subunits in membrane-bound F<sub>0</sub>F<sub>1</sub>. Hybrid F<sub>1</sub> was reconstituted as described [10] from an equimolar mixture of two dissociated F<sub>1</sub> samples:  $\beta$ D380C-F<sub>1</sub> containing a  $\beta$ D380C- $\gamma$ C87 disulfide bond, and  $\beta_{\text{flag}}$ D380C/ $\gamma$ C87S-F<sub>1</sub>. F<sub>1</sub> hybrids were rebound to F<sub>1</sub>-depleted membranes and excess F<sub>1</sub> removed as described in Table 1. Membranes were resuspended to  $\approx 4$  mg protein/ml in TM-5 buffer containing 1  $\mu$ M FCCP, 10 mM glucose, and 1 unit of hexokinase. The ATPase activity of reconstituted membranes (after complete reduction of an aliquot with 20 mM DTT) was 1.6 ( $\mu$ mol min<sup>-1</sup> (mg protein)<sup>-1</sup>), compared to 1.3 for native (F<sub>1</sub>-replete) membranes. Following the specific additions noted below, membrane samples were incubated with 20 mM DTT at 22°C for 30 s, passed through a 1-ml centrifuge column of Sephadex-G50-80 [21] to remove DTT, collected in a tube containing DTNB (0.2 mM final), and incubated at 22°C for 10 min. Specific incubation conditions: lane 1, hexokinase was omitted and ATP was added to 0.5 mM just before DTT; lane 2, ADP and sodium azide (0.5 mM each, final) were added just before DTT; lane 3, no other additions before reduction with DTT; lane 4, Mg<sup>2+</sup> was omitted from the resuspension buffer. Hexokinase was included in samples 2–4 to scavenge residual ATP, thus preventing any potential ATP hydrolysis by F<sub>0</sub>F<sub>1</sub>. FCCP was present in all samples to prevent formation of a transmembrane proton gradient. An aliquot of each final sample was added to gel sample buffer containing 2 mM *N*-ethylmaleimide instead of 2-mercaptoethanol. Six  $\mu$ g of membrane protein were loaded in each lane of a 4–15% gradient gel (Bio-Rad Ready gels). Bands containing the Flag epitope were detected colorimetrically by Western blot analysis, using anti-Flag M2 antibody [13] and a secondary antibody–alkaline phosphatase conjugate.

<sup>1</sup> SSDI of original article: 0005-2728(96)00056-4.